Elecsys® Testosterone II Immunoassay

Confidential

### 510(k) Summary

#### APR 2 8 2010

#### Introduction

According to the requirements of 21 CFR 807.92, the following information provides sufficient detail to understand the basis for a determination of substantial equivalence.

#### Submitter Name, Address, Contact

Roche Diagnostics 9115 Hague Road Indianapolis, IN 46250

Contact person: Sarah Baumann

Phone: (317) 521-3952 Fax: (317) 521-2324

Email: sarah.baumann@roche.com

Secondary contact: Stephanie Greeman

Phone: (317) 521-2458 Fax: (317) 521-2324

Email: stephanie.greeman@roche.com

Date Prepared: October 23, 2009

#### **Device Name**

Proprietary name: Elecsys® Testosterone II Immunoassay

Common name: Testosterone II Assay

Classification name: Testosterone Test System

#### Device Description

The Elecsys Testosterone II immunoassay is based on a competitive test principle with streptavidin-coated microparticles and electrochemiluminescence detection. Results are determined using a calibration curve that is generated specifically on each instrument by a 2-point calibration and a master curve provided with the reagent bar code. The Elecsys Testosterone II reagent kit consists of a Reagent Pack (R1, R2,

and M[Streptavidin-coated microparticles]).

#### Substantial **Equivalence**

The Elecsys Testosterone II Test System is substantially equivalent to other devices legally marketed in the United States. We claim equivalency to the currently marketed Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889).

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison The following table compares the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Intended Use	Immunoassay for the in vitro quantitative determination of testosterone in human serum and plasma. The electrochemiluminescence immunoassay "ECLIA" is intended for use on Elecsys and cobas e immunoassay analyzers.	Immunoassay for the in vitro quantitative determination of testosterone in human serum and plasma. The electrochemiluminescence immunoassay "ECLIA" is intended for use on the Boehringer Mannheim Elecsys 1010 and 2010 immunoassay analyzers.
Indications for Use	Measurements of testosterone are used in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders involving the male sex hormones (androgens), including primary and secondary hypogonadism, delayed or precocious puberty, impotence in males and, in females hirsutism (excessive hair) and virilization (masculinization) due to tumors, polycystic ovaries, and adrenogenital syndromes.	Same
Assay Protocol	Competition principle	Same
Detection Protocol	Electrochemiluminescence immunoassay (ECLIA)	Same
Traceability/ Standardization	ID-GC/MS (Isotope Dilution Gas- Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry)	Same
Sample Type	Human serum and plasma	Same

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with

the predicate device.

Table 1. Testosterone Immunoassay Comparison, continued		
Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Instrument Platform	Elecsys 2010	Elecsys 2010
·	(Request for CLIA categorization has been made to add the MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 411, and cobas e 601 analyzers according to the Replacement Reagent and	(Elecsys 1010, MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 411, and cobas e 601 analyzers added subsequent to clearance)
Measuring Range	Instrument Policy).  2.5 – 1500 ng/dL  (0.087 – 52.0 nmol/L)	2.0 – 1500 ng/dL (0.069 – 52.0 nmol/L)
Calibrator	Testosterone II CalSet II Calibrators 1 and 2  The stability, value assignment and matrix is identical to Testosterone CalSet II (cleared on K003411).	Same
Calibration Interval	Once per reagent lot and  • After 1 month (28 days) when using the same reagent lot  • After 7 days (when using the same reagent kit on the analyzer)  • As required: e.g. quality control findings outside the specified limits	Same
Controls	PreciControl Universal 1 and 2 (cleared on K090541)	Same
Reagent Stability	<ul> <li>Unopened at 2-8°C – up to the expiration date</li> <li>After opening at 2-8°C – 12 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Same</li> <li>After opening at 2-8°C – 8 weeks</li> </ul>
	Onboard the analyzer – 8 weeks	• Same

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Precision	Elecsys 2010:	Elecsys 2010:
	Intermediate Precision (Total)	Intermediate Precision (Total)
	18.5% CV @ 4.5 ng/dL	7.4% CV @ 24 ng/dL
	8.4% CV @ 9.5 ng/dL	2.6% CV @ 195 ng/dL
	3.2% CV @ 69.1 ng/dL	2.2% CV @ 275 ng/dL
	2.8% CV @ 216 ng/dL	1.6% CV @ 620 ng/dL
•	2.8% CV @ 867 ng/dL	1.7% CV @ 701 ng/dL
	3.4% CV @ 1300 ng/dL	
	2.4% CV @ 1450 ng/dL	
	Repeatability (Within-Run)	Repeatability (Within-Run)
	10.2% CV @ 4.5 ng/dL	4.6% CV @ 24 ng/dL
	4.7% CV @ 9.5 ng/dL	1.7% CV @ 195 ng/dL
	2.1% CV @ 69.1 ng/dL	1.4% CV @ 275 ng/dL
	1.9% CV @ 216 ng/dL	0.9% CV @ 620 ng/dL
	2.6% CV @ 867 ng/dL	1.1% CV @ 701 ng/dL
	1.2% CV @ 1300 ng/dL	
	1.5% CV @ 1450 ng/dL	
LoQ	12.0 ng/dL	Same
(Functional		
Sensitivity)		
LoB	1.2 ng/dL	N/A
(Limit of Blank)		
LoD	2.5 ng/dL	2.0 ng/dL
(Limit of		(Lower Detection Limit, LDL)
Detection)		
Limitations	The assay is unaffected by:	The assay is unaffected by:
	• Bilirubin: < 30 mg/dL	• Bilirubin: < 25 mg/dL
	• Hemoglobin: < 600 mg/dL	• Hemoglobin: < 1 g/dL (1000 mg/dL)
	• Intralipid: < 1000 mg/dL	• Intralipid: < 1500 mg/dL
	• Biotin: < 30 ng/mL	• Biotin: < 30 ng/mL

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Limitations, continued	• In patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. > 5 mg/day), no sample should be taken until at least 8 hours after the last biotin administration.	• In patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. > 5 mg/day), no sample should be taken until at least 8 hours after the last biotin administration.
	• No interference was observed from rheumatoid factors up to a concentration of 1000 IU/mL.	
	• In vitro tests were performed with 18 commonly used pharmaceuticals. No interference with the assay was found.	• In vitro tests were performed with 16 commonly used pharmaceuticals. No interference with the assay was found.
	• Three additional drugs were tested: heparin clexane, dexamethasone, and Nandrolone. A strong interaction with Nandrolone was found. Do not use samples from patients under Nandrolone treatment.	,
	• In isolated cases, elevated testosterone levels can be seen in samples from female patients with end stage renal disease (ESRD).	

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

	erone Immunoassay Performance Co	Predicate Device
Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Limitations, continued	• In rare cases, interference due to extremely high titers of antibodies to analyte-specific antibodies, streptavidin or ruthenium can occur. These effects are minimized by suitable test design.	In rare cases interference due to extremely high titers of antibodies to streptavidin can occur.
	,	The risk of interference from potential immunological interactions between test components and rare sera have been minimized by the inclusion of suitable additives.
	• For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examination and other findings.	For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examination and other findings.
	<ul> <li>Implausible elevated values in female samples should be verified by an extraction method or validated LC-MS/MS tandem method.</li> </ul>	,

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)
Method Comparison	Four method comparison studies were performed to demonstrate the accuracy of the Elecsys Testosterone II assay.	The Elecsys Testosterone assay was compared to the Coat-A-Count® Total Testosterone Assay.
	(1) Isotope dilution/liquid chromatographic-tandem mass spectrometry (ID/LC-MS/MS) was validated against the reference method, isotope-dilution/gas chromatographymass spectrometry (ID-GC/MS).	A total of 71 clinical samples with testosterone values ranging from 20 – 1269 ng/dL were tested in singlicate.  The following table summarizes the results.
	A total of 52 serum samples with testosterone values ranging from 8 to 1383 ng/dL were measured.  The following table summarizes the results.	Passing/Bablok   Least Squares   n   71   71   71   Range   20–1269 ng/dL   20–1269 ng/dL   Slope   1.02   0.956   y-int   -0.108   0.049   tau/r   0.963   0.963
	Deming Regression	

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Table 2. Test	ble 2. Testosterone Immunoassay Performance Comparison, continued		
Feature	Elecsys Testosterone II Assay	Predicate Device Elecsys Testosterone Assay (K964889)	
Method Comparison continued	(2) The Elecsys Testosterone II assay was compared to the ID-GC/MS reference method.  A total of 55 serum samples with testosterone values ranging from 7.6 to 1383 ng/dL were measured.  The following table summarizes the results.    Deming Regression		

Substantial Equivalence-Comparison (continued) The following table compares the performance of the Elecsys Testosterone II Immunoassay with the predicate device.

Feature	osterone Immunoassay Performance  Elecsys Testosterone II Ass	Predicate Device
Method Comparison continued	(4) The Elecsys Testosterone II assay compared to the predicate device, the Testosterone assay (K964889).	
·	A total of 239 male and 148 female se samples with testosterone values rang 6.3 – 1400 ng/dL and 2.5 – 926 ng/dL respectively, were measured in singlic. The following tables summarize the re-	ing from , ate.
	Male samples   Deming Regression   n   239	·
	Coefficient   r = 0.985	
	n	
	Coefficient r = 0.972  Male and Female Samples Combine  Deming Regression	ed
	n         387           Range         2.5-1400 ng/dL           Slope         0.989	
	y-int -2.87    Correlation   r = 0.992	



#### **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES**

Roche Diagnostics Corporation c/o Sarah Baumann 9115 Hague Road P.O.Box 50410 Indianapolis, IN 46250 Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Mail Center – WO66-0609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

APR 2 3 2010

Re: k093421

Trade Name: Elecsys® Testosterone II Assay Regulation Number: 21 CFR §862.1680 Regulation Name: Testosterone test system

Regulatory Class: Class I, reserved

Product Codes: CDZ Dated: April 19, 2010 Received: April 20, 2010

#### Dear Ms. Baumann:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 800 to 895. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Parts 801 and 809); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); and good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820).

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device Evaluation and Safety at (301) 796-5450. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding postmarket surveillance, please contact CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometric's (OSB's) Division of Postmarket Surveillance at (301) 796-5760. For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <a href="http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm">http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm</a> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-5680 or at its Internet address <a href="http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm">http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm</a>.

Sincerely yours,

Courtney C. Harper, Ph.D.

Director

Division of Chemistry and Toxicology Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device

**Evaluation and Safety** 

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

## **Indication for Use**

510(k) Number (if known): k093421	•	
Device Name: Elecsys Testosterone II Assay		
Indication For Use:	•	
Immunoassay for the in vitro quantitative determination of and plasma. The electrochemiluminescence immunoassay on Elecsys and cobas e immunoassay analyzers.		
Measurements of testosterone are used in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders involving the male sex hormones (androgens), including primary and secondary hypogonadism, delayed or precocious puberty, impotence in males and, in females hirsutism (excessive hair) and virilization (masculinization) due to tumors, polycystic ovaries, and androgenital syndromes.		
•		
Prescription Use X And/Or (21 CFR Part 801 Subpart D)	Over the Counter Use(21 CFR Part 801 Subpart C)	
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE; CONTINUE ON A	ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)	
Concurrence of CDRH, Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Dev	ice Evaluation and Safety (OIVD)	
_ Carol Benson		
Division Sign-Off		
Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Device		
Evaluation and Safety		

510(k) K09342/